Please fill out tear off cards and exchange information with your fellow beekeeper/farmer.

BEEKEEPER INFORMATION

Name: ______________________________________________________
Phone Number: ___________________ Email: ___________________
Location of Hives:___________________________________________

_____________________________________________________

FARMER INFORMATION

Name: ______________________________________________________
Phone Number: ___________________ Email: ___________________
Crops Grown on Property: ________________________________

_____________________________________________________

Name & Contact Info for Applicator(s):___________________________

CONTACT:
For specific questions concerning the Mississippi Bee Stewardship Program, contact:

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MISSISSIPPI HONEYBEE STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM
Cooperation Begins with Communication and Education

- **Know Your Farmer, Know Your Beekeeper**: Farmers and beekeepers are encouraged to foster a strong level of communication with each other during any cooperative arrangement. Both the farmer and beekeeper should exchange some very basic information. This information should include: name, phone number, location(s) of hives on the farm property, commodities grown in the fields adjacent to hive locations, and general information concerning insecticides applied on these commodities and timing of these applications during the normal growing season. Cooperators are encouraged to have open dialogue about this information every year to foster that strong level of communication that should exist in such an arrangement.

- **Mississippi “Bee Aware” Flag**: Conceptualized and developed by Mississippi Farm Bureau Federation, a unified flagging system will be used in the state of Mississippi to clearly identify hive locations that are near adjacent fields. The goal of this program is to familiarize beekeepers, farmers, and other pesticide applicators with this flag, its use, and its application in providing added safeguards to protect bees in areas of pesticide use. The flag should be placed in a location that is highly visible by farmers operating ground-driven equipment or by aerial applicators. The “Bee Aware” flag will serve as a constant reminder that bees are in the vicinity and care should be taken with insecticide applications. The beekeeper should work with the farmer to select the best area near the hive to place the bee flag so that it is visible by both ground and aerial applicators.

### Important Considerations for Farmer-Beekeeper Partners

- **Hive Placement**: In any strong working cooperative agreement between farmers and beekeepers, all parties should discuss proper hive locations on the farm property where the bees will be kept beforehand. The farmer knows the property and can best help mitigate damage from farm equipment and other obstructions. The beekeeper knows the best honey bee habitats and can help select an apiary location that: (a) uses natural barriers such as tree lines to mitigate against exposure to insecticide drift, (b) will best facilitate the entrances to hives being placed away from fields, and (c) is not too close to the immediate edges of fields. Beekeepers should discuss the bee yard or apiary location with the farmer and come to an agreement that works for both parties.

- **Bee Identification**: The beekeeper should have a placard listed on a prominent hive within an apiary that clearly identifies the owner of the hives along with emergency contact information. This placard should be highly visible from a distance.

- **Everyone Should Know Apiary Locations**: Both the beekeeper and farmer should generate and review a comprehensive list of all apiary locations that occur on the farm property annually. This is especially important if hives are moved from more traditional locations of several years to newer locations. It might even be helpful to pencil in the apiary sites onto a map.

- **GPS Locations**: Beekeepers are encouraged to provide GPS coordinates to the farmer and his applicator to show exact locations of hives on the farm property.

- **Notify Ground & Aerial Applicators of Hive Location(s)**: The farmer should make his employees (or other contractual parties) aware of all apiary locations and the associated bee flags on the farm property and should notify his aerial applicator (if applicable) of apiaries on farm property as well.

- **Timing of Insecticide Applications**: When possible, farmers should consider applying insecticides as late in the afternoon as possible on fields that are immediately adjacent to hive locations. Selecting this time to apply insecticides in sensitive areas near hives will help mitigate many risks of bee damage. Further, insecticide applicators should always follow label guidelines and applications should be made when pests reach economic threshold levels.

- **Wind Direction**: Insecticide applications should only be made when winds are blowing away from the hive location(s).
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What are the Cooperative Standards of the Mississippi Honey Bee Stewardship Program?

In light of the global decline of honey bee populations, discussions were held among stakeholders, including beekeepers and agricultural producers from across the state, to discuss ways of fostering a better working dialogue among the state’s row crop farmers and beekeepers, all in the spirit of coexistence and cooperation. Deliberations led to the development of a communication effort armed with a set of standards or general operating suggestions targeting the state’s beekeepers, farmers, and other pesticide applicators. This general outline is a product of these deliberations and suggestions and is not intended to account for all aspects of the relationship between cooperators (farmers and beekeepers), but to serve as a basic guideline for cooperative arrangements that should exist between farmers and beekeepers when bees are located in or near agricultural production areas. Mississippi hopes to be proactive in advancing educational efforts leading to sustainable practices that are beneficial to beekeepers and producers.

These standards are a program presented and adopted by the following stakeholders:

Mississippi Beekeepers Association, Mississippi Farm Bureau Federation, Mississippi Agricultural Aviation Association, Mississippi Agricultural Consultants Association, Mississippi Agricultural Industry Council, Mississippi Department of Agriculture & Commerce, and Mississippi State University Extension Service.

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